



Ages 4+



GROW!

YOUR LADYBUG LAND[®]

STEP-BY-STEP

INSTRUCTIONS



Escanear para obtener
instrucciones en español

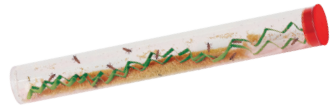


WARNING:

CHOKING HAZARD-Small parts.
Not for Children under 3 years.

1 Important Details!

- Your ladybug larvae may be inactive when they arrive. Please give them 48 hours to acclimate after placing them into the Ladybug Land.
- Make sure the dome of the Ladybug Land is securely attached to the base. Press the dome down firmly to ensure your little larvae can't escape.
- Always carry the Ladybug Land by the base. DO NOT LIFT BY THE DOME.
- Transfer your larvae as soon as possible after receiving them. The tube is for their travels only.
- Insect Lore guarantees that at least 5 out of 10-15 ladybug larvae will develop into adult ladybugs.
- NEVER throw your larvae away. Instead, contact us at customerservice@insectlore.com for help.



2 Transfer Your Larvae

- Remove the magnification cap.
- Remove the red cap on the tube and tilt the habitat as pictured.
- Shake all the contents of the tube onto the landscape of the habitat.
- Place the habitat in a safe place away from direct sunlight.



3 Give Them a Drink!

- Open the green cap at the top of your Ladybug Land.
- Use the water dropper and place 2-3 drops of water onto the volcano sponge every other day.



- Keep the sponge moist throughout the ladybugs' life cycle.
- DO NOT Overwater.

4 Watch Them GROW!

- Soon, your larvae will become pupae.
- Do not shake or jostle the Ladybug Land during this important transformation.
- It will take approximately 7 days for your ladybugs to hatch, emerging as soft, pale adults.
- Watch as the ladybugs' exoskeletons harden, and their spots and pink color appear.



5 Ladybugs LOVE Raisins

- Soak 1-2 raisins in water for about 5 minutes.
- Cut the raisins into small pieces.
- Drop them into your Ladybug Land through the magnification cap.
- Repeat when the raisins have disappeared.

6 Release

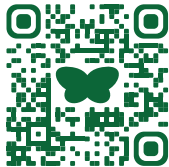
- Watch your ladybugs for up to 7 days.
- It's best to release your ladybugs in the early morning .
- Slowly separate the base from the dome and release your ladybugs into bushes or flowers.



**Pink Spotted Ladybugs are native to North America.
Their scientific name is *coleomegilla maculata*.
Pink Spotted ladybugs are important beneficial insects
and are helpful pollinators.**

**Questions? The Happy Growing Team is here to help
you on your ladybug-raising journey.**

Email us at customerservice@insectlore.com.



Instructional Video



Helpful Hints!

